

ROMA

9ª Edizione

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SESSIONE LIVE: CTO

Complex retrograde CTO

Roberto Diletti MD, PhD

Thoraxcenter, Erasmus MC, Rotterdam, The Netherlands





Challenging scenarios in retrograde CTO PCI

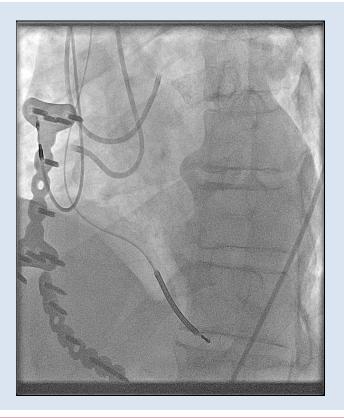


- Ipsilateral collaterals
- Very long collaterals
- Ostial occlusions



Ipsilateral epicardial collaterals





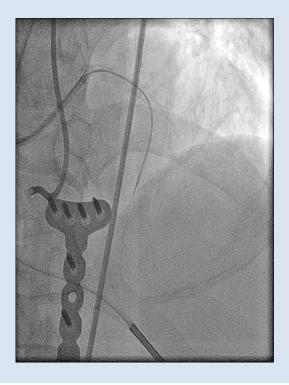
Target lesion:

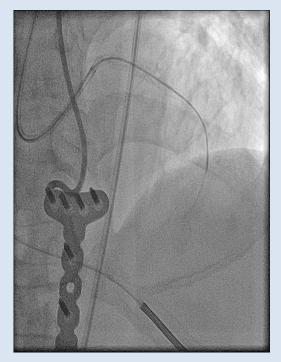
- Long>20mm
- CalcifiedJ-CTO score 2
- Bridging collaterals
- Involving a bifurcation



Retrograde approach

No evident interventional septal collaterals

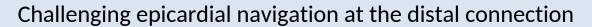








Retrograde approach



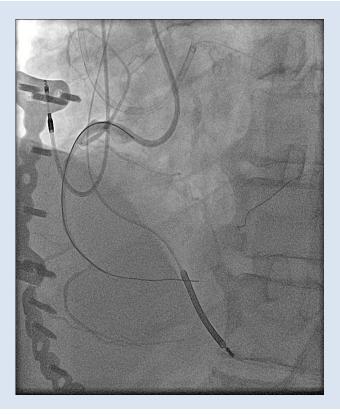


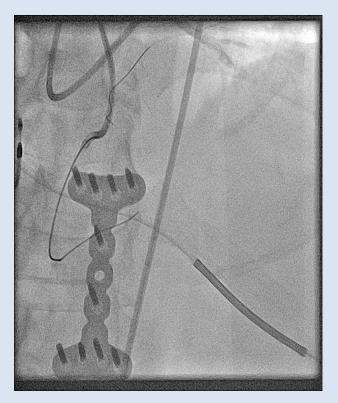














Retrograde approach with ipsilateral collaterals



Ispilateral epicardial collateral

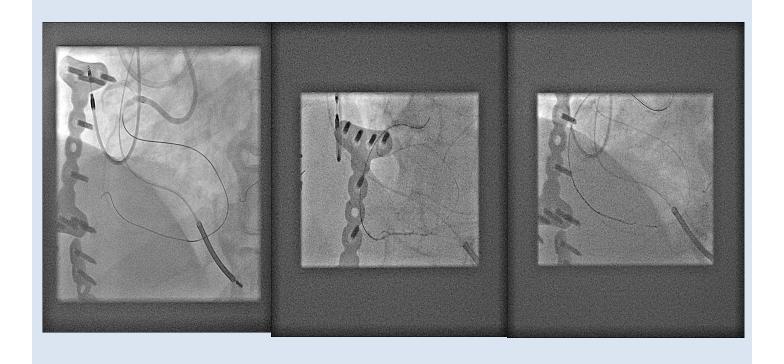






Retrograde approach with ipsilateral collaterals







Intra-vessel Anchoring Balloon

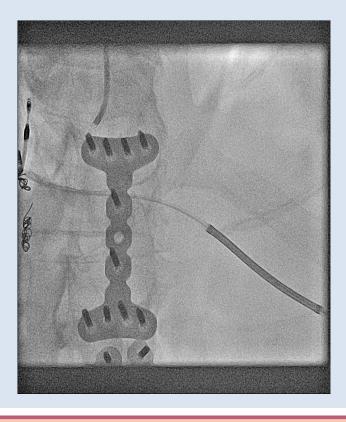






Final result

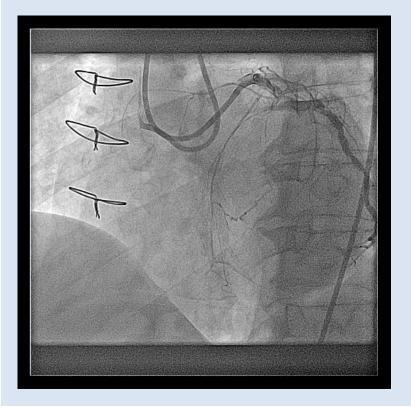






Very long collaterals



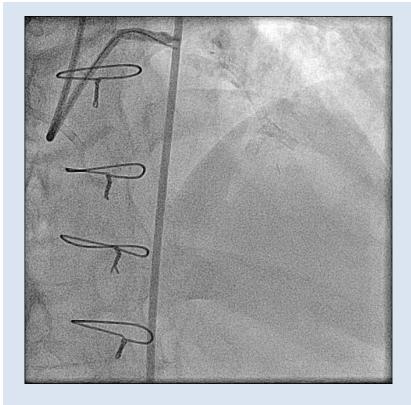


- Ambiguous proximal cap
- Very long occlusion
- Small bridging collaterals
- Tortuous and small epicardial collaterals
- Diffusely diseased distal vessel



Evaluation septal collaterals



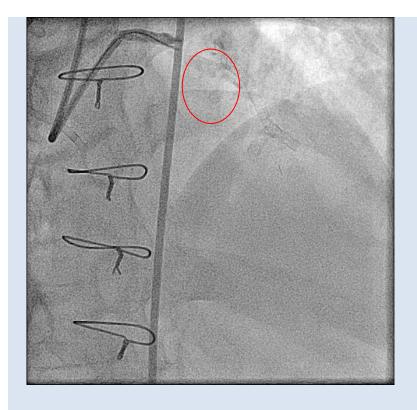


Potential interventional septal collateral.



Evaluation septal collaterals





- Potential interventional septal collateral.
- Non-crossable calcification



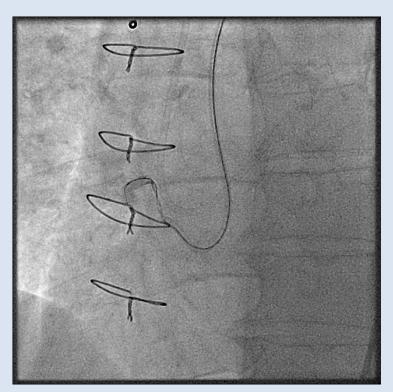
Ballon assisted subintimal entry (BASE) technique



Balloon inflated in the proximal true lumen

Microcatheter intrapped between the ballon and the vessel wall

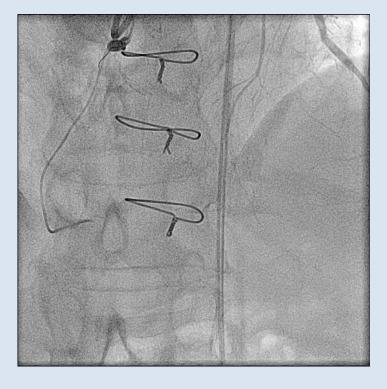
Knuckle wire advanced in the subintimal space





ADR not feasible



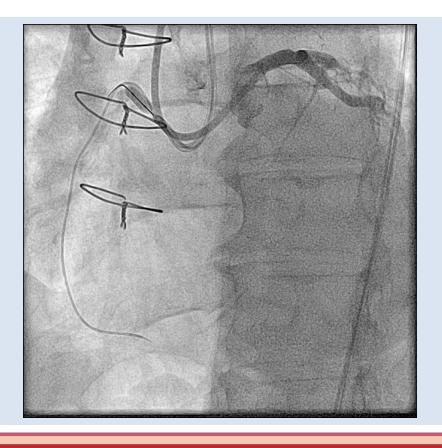


- Distal vessel extremely small, diffusely diseased
- Compression from the subintimal haematoma.



ADR not feasible.. What next?





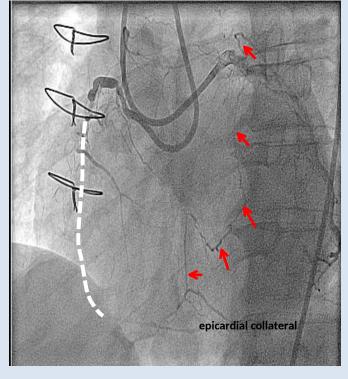


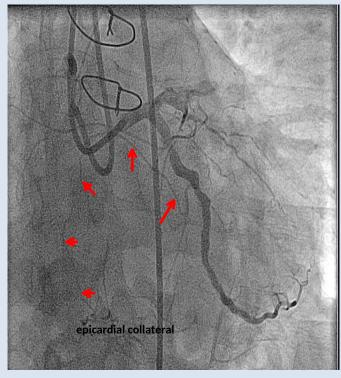
Any suggestion?



Epicardial collaterals









Retrograde epicardial navigation

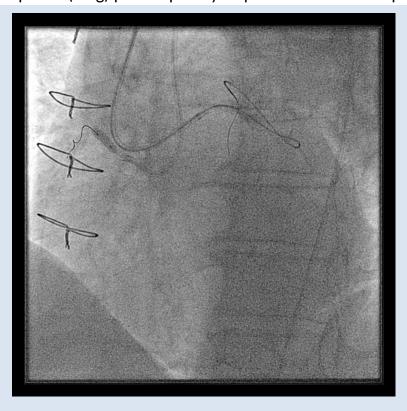






Retrograde epicardial navigation

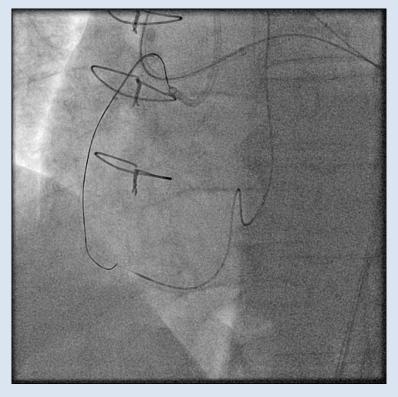
Extremely low tip load (0.3g) pre-shaped hydrophilic wire for safe epicardial crossing





Reverse CART technique

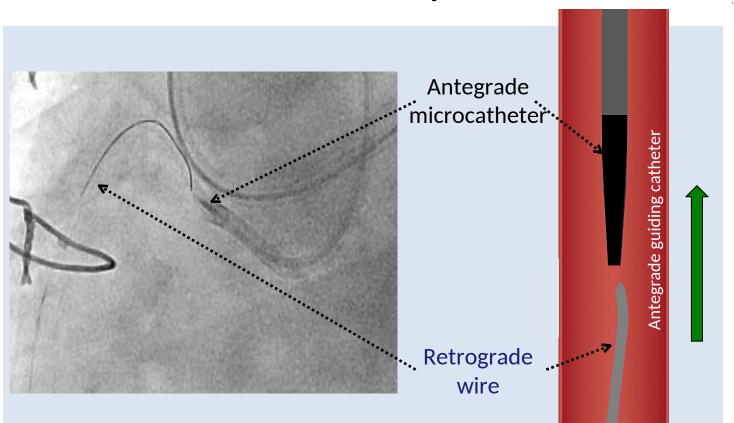




- Successful RCART
- Microcatheter not long enough to externalize

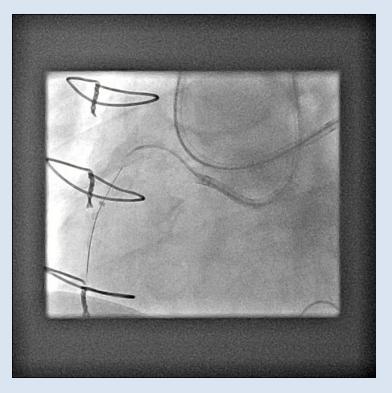


TIP-in technique







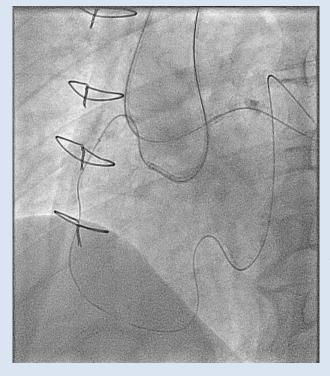


- Given the epicardial tortuosity the retrograde wire was not steerable.
- So we had to invent the chasing Tip-in technique



Strategy after tip-in



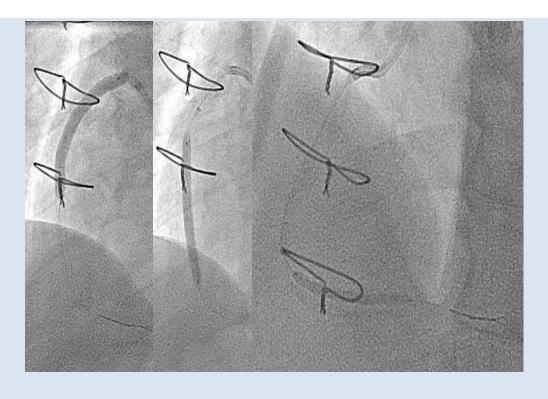


- Advancement of the microcatheter on the retrograde wire
- 2. Retraction of the retrograde wire
- 3. Advancement of the antegrade wire through the antegrade microcatheter
- 4. Removal of the antegrade microcatheter
- 5. Stenting in the subintimal space



Finalization

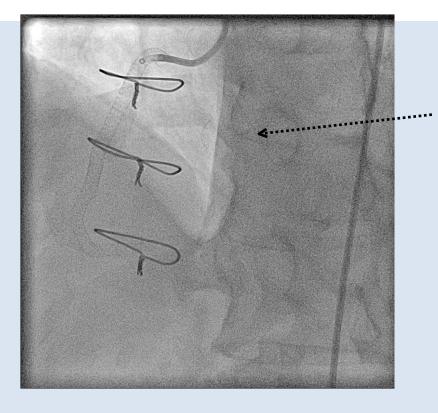






Finalization

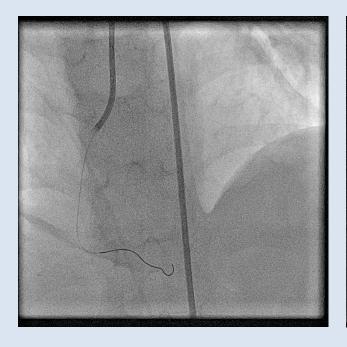


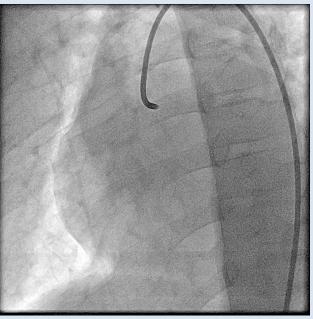


Epicardial collateral used for retrograde approach





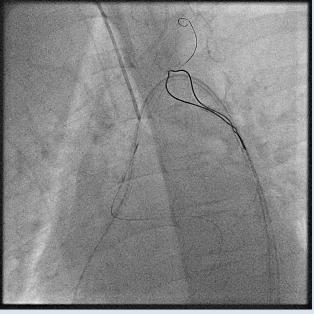






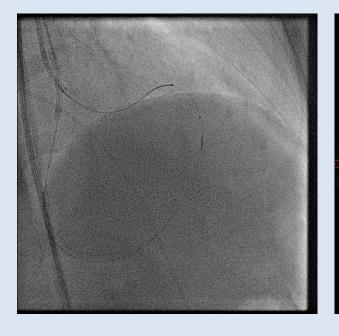


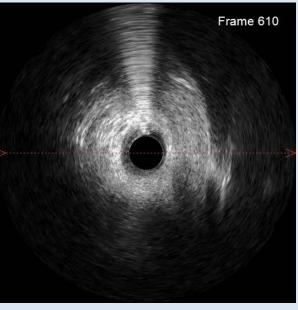






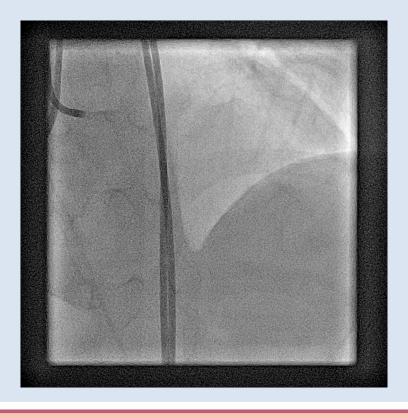


















- Multiple techniques might be needed to finalize a retrogreade CTO case
- Mastering several CTO techniques and a rapid shift from one to another is fundamental
- Epicardial collaterals should be left as last resort but not avoided